

AAD 201 Fall 2007 Lecture 4: Rome – Republican, Imperial and Early Christian

Sacred Space	Model of ideal Etruscan temple based on Vitruvius Maison Carrée; Nimes, France; c. 20 BCE The Pantheon; Rome; 120-127 AD; patron Hadrian
Housing	Insulae (apartment blocks), Ostia; late 4 th c. BCE House of Pansa, Pompeii; 3 rd -2 nd c. BCE Golden House (Domus Aurea); Rome; 64-68 AD; Severus and Celer; patron Nero
Civic	The forum of Pompeii; the Basilica, c. 120 BCE Forum of Trajan & Basilica Ulpia; Rome; c. 98-117 AD; patron Trajan Trajan's Market; c.100-112 AD; Apollodorus of Damascus Basilica of Maxentius and Constantine; Rome; c. 307-312; begun by Maxentius, completed by Constantine Stabian Baths; Pompeii; 2 nd c. BC Baths of Caracalla; Rome; c. 215 AD; patron Caracalla
Honorific	Arch of Constantine; Rome; 321 AD
Entertainment	Theater Theater at Pompeii; mid-1st c.BCE Theater of Marcellus; Rome; c. 11 BCE Amphitheater Amphitheater at Pompeii; 80. BCE The Colosseum; Rome; 72-80 AD; patrons Vespasian, Titus, Domitian Circus Circus Maximus; Rome; 1 st -3 rd c.'s AD
Early Christian	House church, Dura Europas, Syria; c. 230 AD Old St. Peter's; Rome; begun 333 AD; patron Constantine Sta. Costanza; Rome; c. 340 AD; patron Constantine Church of the Holy Apostles; Milan, c. 382 AD; plan by St. Ambrose

Names and Terms:

Roman: Etruscan; barrel vault, groin vault, annular vault; rotunda; oculus; pilaster
house: vestibule, atrium, tablinum; impluvium, triclinium, peristyle
forum: curia, basilica, tribunal; triumphal arch
theater: cavea, vomitory
baths (thermae): changing room, tepidarium, caldarium, frigidarium

Early Christian : transubstantiation; titulus; baptistery; Bishop's see; cathedra;; martyria;
Latin cross

Vitruvius, *On Architecture*, published before 27 BCE

Architecturally noteworthy Emperors of Rome

Augustus	31 BCE – 14 AD, first to have title of Emperor
Nero	54- 68 AD, burned Rome and murdered his mother
The Flavians (father and two sons):	
Vespasian	69-79 AD, first middle-class emperor
Titus	79 - 81 AD
Domitian	81 – 96 AD, hacked to death by his personal attendants
Trajan	98 - 117 AD, considered the greatest Emperor of Rome
Hadrian	117 – 138, addicted to both adulterous and homosexual affairs
Caracalla	211 – 217, murdered his brother

After division into two and then four co-emperors:

Maxentius	306 – 231, escaped battle by disguising himself as a slave
Constantine	307 – 337, last Roman Emperor, moves capital to Constantinople (now Istanbul) 330 AD