

A Tribute to J. P. Richard Thomas

1974



ca. 1952

ca. 2003



“The Man Who Leaves No Stone Unturned”

June 6, 2009 – 8:30 A.M. - 5:00 P.M.

University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras Campus

Edificio Nuevo Ciencias Naturales Fase II

Anfiteatro A-211

Symposium

A Tribute to J. P. Richard Thomas

“The Man Who Leaves No Stone Unturned”

June 6, 2009

University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras

Organizing Committee

Javier A. Rodríguez
School of Life Sciences
University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Miguel A. García
Bureau of Fisheries and Wildlife
Department of Natural and Environmental Resources of Puerto Rico

Manuel Leal
Department of Biology
Duke University

Acknowledgements

We sincerely thank Dr. Carmen Noemí Cintrón (College of Natural Sciences, University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras); Dr. Elvira Cuevas (Center for Applied Tropical Ecology and Conservation, CATEC); Sondra I. Vega Castillo (Iniciativa Herpetológica, Inc.); Dr. Michelle Borrero Sierra (College of Natural Sciences, University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras); and the Department of Natural and Environmental Resources of Puerto Rico for providing invaluable logistical support and financial resources to organize this extremely well deserved tribute to Richard Thomas.

Javier A. Rodríguez

School of Life Sciences

University of Nevada, Las Vegas

Miguel A. García

Bureau of Fisheries and Wildlife

Department of Natural and Environmental Resources of Puerto Rico

and

Center for Applied Tropical Ecology and Conservation (CATEC)

University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras

Manuel Leal

Department of Biology

Duke University

A Biographical Account of John Paul Richard Thomas

This symposium was conceived as an informal homage to a person that so many of us admire and respect, John Paul Richard Thomas, or, as his graduate students affectionally call him, “Dr. Gadget,” in reference to all the gear that he brings to the field. We wish to emphasize that Richard has no intentions of hanging up his collecting rake in the foreseeable future. To the contrary, he continues to be actively involved in research. For instance, he recently coauthored an article describing 11 species of blindsnakes of the genus *Typhlops* from La Española (Hispaniola) and Cuba (Thomas and Hedges, 2007), is currently working on comprehensive taxonomic revisions of Caribbean species of *Sphaerodactylus* geckos and worm-lizards of the genus *Amphisbaena*, and continues to describe new species of West Indian amphibians and reptiles.

This conference is an overdue tribute to a respected and well-liked scientist who has been one of the most influential figures in West Indian herpetology for the last five decades. Since 1976, Richard’s efforts have continued to advance herpetological research at the University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras, a program of study that has given a number of young students the opportunity to participate in research, and, in several cases and under Richard’s watchful eyes, has served as a springboard to the development of their professional careers. Although the majority of Richard’s research is centered on systematics (the study of the diversity of life), and focuses on blindsnakes, sphaerodactylid geckos, and leptodactylid frogs, his scientific curiosity extends beyond taxonomy and phylogenetics. He is a *true naturalist* who is concerned with all aspects of organismal biology, and the scientific program of this symposium reflects the broad scope of his interests.

Richard was born in Jacksonville, Florida, on May 2, 1938. As a child, he spent considerable time wandering the woods of the Tampa area in Florida, and by the age of seven it was clear that “creepy-crawly” animals, especially snakes, were his passion. Between 1948 and 1958 he lived in Bogotá and Barranquilla, Colombia (where he learned Spanish), New York (Long Island), Florida (Jacksonville [again] and Tampa), and South Carolina (Cheraw), and at all these places Richard familiarized himself with the local herpetofauna. As a teenager in Cheraw he kept a couple of snake pits, one at his house (for a short period of time) and another on a property outside of town, where his father allowed him to keep some venomous snakes. Although the latter was not so much a snake pit as a large snake cage sunk in the ground, it allowed Richard to be in close proximity to his favorite animals.

While attending high school in Cheraw, Richard met Albert Schwartz (1923–1992), the most influential contributor to West Indian systematics (Duellman, Thomas, and Henderson, 1993, 1996). At the time, Al was the curator of vertebrates at the Charleston Museum (Charleston, South Carolina) and was engaged in various projects on turtles, frogs, salamanders, and shrews from the southeastern United States. Al invited Richard to the field, an invitation that had marked the beginning of a close personal friendship that would later become a lasting professional collaboration.

Richard's collecting activities led to his first scientific contribution: a donation of a series of *Nerodia sipedon* (Northern Watersnake) x *N. fasciata* (Southern Watersnake) hybrids to Roger Conant, specimens that were cited in Conant's article on hybridization in *N. fasciata* (Conant, 1963) in which Richard was acknowledged. After graduating from high school in 1956, Richard enrolled in the University of South Carolina, Columbia. However, his undergraduate education was punctuated by his military service, during which he was stationed in Texas (Houston), France, Morocco, and Florida (Port Richey). After attending various undergraduate institutions (University of South Carolina, Columbia [1957–1959], University of Maryland Overseas [1961], and Miami Dade Community College, North Campus [1964]), Richard received his B.A. in Zoology from the University of South Florida, Tampa, in 1969.

Wilfred T. Neill, Jr. (1922–2001) also exerted an early positive influence on Richards' career. Neill never completed his doctoral degree, but he was a recognized herpetologist and a true polymath who published numerous articles and books on herpetology, biogeography, archaeology, and anthropology. Neill happened to move to Port Richey, where Richard lived while enrolled at the University of South Florida. Shortly after their first meeting, Richard and Neill became friends, and spent long hours talking about a wide variety of topics and conducting local fieldwork.

In 1957, Richard accompanied Albert Schwartz on a trip to Cuba. This was Richard's first collecting trip to the West Indies, and the experience defined his professional career. During the expedition, Richard collected for the first time various species of *Sphaerodactylus* and *Typhlops*, two genera on which he later became one of the world's leading experts. The trip also marked the official beginning of a scientific collaboration between Al and Richard that extended for two decades and resulted in 14 publications that collectively described eight species and 27 subspecies of lizards and snakes of various genera. One of these contributions was the first checklist of West Indian amphibians and reptiles (Schwarz and Thomas, 1975).

Starting in 1963, Richard made numerous collecting trips to the West Indies and South America. With Al Schwartz, he traveled to the Cayman Islands, the Lesser Antilles, the Dominican Republic, Haiti, Jamaica, and the Bahamas. His first visit to Puerto Rico for field work was in 1963, with successive trips in 1964, 1965, and later. Richard first went to Perú in 1968. He was still an undergraduate student at the University of South Florida, but George H. Lowery, Jr., the Director of the Museum of Zoology at Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge (LSU) was looking for an experienced undergraduate to join his expedition, and Richard earned the invitation. Richard made two additional trips to Perú, in 1971 and 1974.

Richard obtained his Ph.D. at LSU, working in the laboratory of Douglas A. Rossman, and expert on the systematics of *Thamnophis* gartersnakes. For his doctoral dissertation, Richard conducted a comprehensive revision of blindsnakes of the genus *Typhlops* in the West Indies (Thomas, 1976), a study that laid the foundation for all future systematic work on the genus, which has since doubled in number of species, thanks in great part to Richard's efforts. Not surprisingly to those who have been with Richard in the field, during the extensive fieldwork for his dissertation he collected

a wide variety of “herps” (*i.e.*, amphibians and reptiles), an effort that resulted in the description of a significant number of new species, including representatives of the genera *Eleutherodactylus*, *Amphisbaena*, *Anolis*, *Diploglossus*, and *Sphaerodactylus*. By the end of his doctoral studies Richard had become the world’s leading authority on the systematics of West Indian *Amphisbaena*, *Sphaerodactylus*, and *Typhlops*, three of the most speciose genera of the Caribbean herpetofauna, and of threadsnakes of the genus *Leptotyphlops*. During his time at LSU Richard married Kim R. Rutherford, whose parents lived close to a lake full of alligators (although that was not the only reason why he married her). (Kim, a mammal systematist, died in an automobile accident within two years of taking a professorial appointment at Clarion University, Pennsylvania.)

Shortly after receiving his doctoral degree, Richard joined the faculty of the Department of Biology at the University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras (UPRRP). Ever since 1976 he has maintained an active research program at this institution, producing approximately 60 publications and graduating 14 Master’s and doctoral students. The latter achievement is a testament to Richard’s familiarity with various fields of study, and of his ability to encourage students to become actively involved in biological research. Under Richard’s supervision, students have conducted research on topics as diverse as feeding and behavioral ecology, venom function in snakes, community structure of *Anolis* lizards, thermal ecology of *Sphaerodactylus* geckos, and systematics of *Eleutherodactylus*, *Anolis*, and *Sphaerodactylus*. Few researchers have contributed as much as Richard has to the development of organismal biology at UPRRP, and none of his graduate or undergraduate students has ever regretted working with him. *Working with him* is an accurate expression, because Richard treats his students as junior colleagues, not simply as data collectors, and he is more than just a mentor to them. He is first and foremost a friend who often goes the extra distance to provide his help when such additional assistance is needed.

Richard and S. Blair Hedges (then a doctoral student at the University of Maryland, College Park) met for the first time at the annual meeting of ichthyologists and herpetologists in Raleigh, North Carolina, in 1982. Although meeting a colleague for the first time at a scientific gathering is a relatively common event, the encounter between Richard and Blair perhaps was facilitated by divine intervention, because Richard rarely attends scientific conferences, preferring instead “to spend that time conducting fieldwork, rather than shaking hands.” The meeting was the catalyst for their first collecting trip together to Hispaniola (in 1983) and the initiation of a longstanding and productive collaboration. This collaboration represented the perfect match between two superb field biologists: a senior herpetologist trained as a classical systematist who at the time was uncertain about the utility of molecular phylogenetics, and a young, driven student with a strong appreciation for classical systematics, but who also was at the forefront of the molecular systematics revolution. Richard and Blair became close friends and colleagues, an association that has resulted in 23 publications (and counting) and descriptions of 35 new species of anurans, lizards, and snakes. An excellent example of the their complementary expertise is the description of a new species of blindsnake from Puerto Rico, *Typhlops hypomethes* (Hedges and Thomas, 1991). This discovery

was made possible by Richard's keen eye and ability to quantify morphological differences, combined with Blair's intimate knowledge of molecular systematics, a combined effort that produced compelling evidence for the recognition of a species whose holotype was collected by Richard on the UPRRP Campus!

VIGNETTES

- Those who have had the opportunity to be with Richard in the field are well aware of his remarkable collecting skills. For him it is second nature to glance at an area and accurately point out the precise spot where collecting will result in a nice series of specimens. This ability is even more impressive when one considers that in most cases Richard is looking for highly secretive (*e.g.*, *Amphisbaena*, *Sphaerodactylus*, *Typhlops*) species.
- Richard is also adept at collecting arboreal taxa. The first specimen of the Puerto Rican *Anolis occultus* was collected in 1963 in Jayuya by Juan A. Rivero, but only one additional specimen was obtained (in Maricao) before Ernest E. Williams (1914–1998; Museum of Comparative Zoology, Harvard University) mentioned to Richard the strange anole collected at two localities in the western part of the island. In 1965 Richard and Al Schwartz collected 39 additional specimens of this lizard at five localities in the mountains of southern and northeastern Puerto Rico, significantly extending the geographic distribution of the new species to encompass most of the Cordillera Central of Puerto Rico, and the Sierra de Luquillo (Williams, Rivero, and Thomas, 1965).
- Equally notable is Richard's ability to quickly identify, in most instances to the species level, many of the vascular plants, invertebrates, and birds present in the area.
- Richard's description of the threadsnake *Leptotyphlops pyrites* (Thomas, 1965c) added a new taxonomic family (Leptotyphlopidae) to the herpetofauna of Hispaniola.
- Richard has *twice* described the world's smallest amniote vertebrate: first was *Sphaerodactylus parthenopion* from Virgin Gorda, British Virgin Islands (Thomas, 1965a), followed by the slightly smaller *Sphaerodactylus ariasae* (Hedges and Thomas, 2001) from Isla Beata, Hispaniola.
- Richard has described four new species of Puerto Rican herps: *Eleutherodactylus coqui* (Thomas, 1965b (1966)), *Amphisbaena xera* (Thomas, 1966), *Typhlops hypomethes* (Hedges and Thomas, 1991), and *Eleutherodactylus juanariveroi* (Ríos-López and Thomas, 2007). Since Richard's description of *Eleutherodactylus coqui*, the word "coquí" has become synonymous with the genus *Eleutherodactylus* in Puerto Rico. Richard also coauthored the study that reported the chromosomal data that demonstrated that the "Lagartijo del Bosque Seco" (*Anolis cooki*) is as a species

distinct from the “Lagartijo Común” (*Anolis cristatellus*) from Puerto Rico (Gorman, Thomas, Atkin, 1968).

- Richard is an outstanding illustrator. He is responsible for the majority of the illustrations that appear in his publications, and the level of detail of his drawings is astonishing. One only needs to look at his drawings of *Typhlops hemipenes* to appreciate his ability to illustrate complex structures.
- At least five species and one subspecies have been named in Richard’s honor: a Cuban coquí, *Eleutherodactylus thomasi* (Schwartz, 1959), a gecko from the María Islands, Saint Lucia, Lesser Antilles, *Sphaerodactylus microlepis thomasi* (Schwartz, 1965) a bat from Guadeloupe, Lesser Antilles *Sturnira thomasi* (de la Torre and Schwartz, 1966), a Cuban gecko, *Sphaerodactylus richardi* (Hedges and Garrido, 1993), a Cuban millepede, *Amphelictogon thomasi* (Pérez-Asso, 1996), and a butterfly from Haiti, *Calisto thomasi* (Johnson and Hedges, 1998).

Today (June 6, 2009), many of Richard’s colleagues, former and current undergraduate and graduate students, and personal friends from Puerto Rico, various states in the United States, and Australia have gathered to recognize his invaluable contributions to West Indian herpetology, and his influential role in educating the next generation of Puerto Rican herpetologists.

Richard, we sincerely thank you for enthusiastically and kindly sharing your extensive knowledge with us during all these years, for your sincere friendship, and for all those educational and productive collecting trips in which we got to see the latest gadgets you purchased. Please sit comfortably and enjoy this extremely well-deserved conference in your honor.

Manuel Leal
Department of Biology
Duke University, North Carolina

Javier A. Rodríguez
School of Life Sciences
University of Nevada, Las Vegas

References

- Conant, R. 1963. Evidence for the specific status of the water snake *Natrix fasciata*. American Museum Novitates 2122:1–38.
- de la Torre, L., and A. Schwartz. 1966. New species of *Sturnira* (Chiroptera: Phyllostomidae) from the islands of Guadeloupe and Saint Vincent, Lesser Antilles. Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington 79:297–303.
- Duellman, W. E., R. Thomas, and R. W. Henderson. 1993. Albert Schwartz (13 Sept. 1923–18 Oct. 1992). Copeia 1993:927–932.
- Duellman, W. E., R. Thomas, and R. W. Henderson. 1996. Remembrances of Albert Schwartz. In: *Contributions to West Indian Herpetology: A Tribute to Albert Schwartz* (R. Powell and R. W. Henderson, eds.), pp. 15–20. Contributions to Herpetology, Volume 12. Society for the Study of Amphibians and Reptiles, Ithaca, New York.
- Gorman, G. C., R. Thomas, and L. Atkins. 1968. Intra- and interspecific chromosome variation in the lizard *Anolis cristatellus* and its closest relatives. Breviora, Museum of Comparative Zoology 293:1–13.
- Hedges, S. B., and O. H. Garrido. 1993. A new species of gecko (*Sphaerodactylus*) from central Cuba. Journal of Herpetology 27:300–306.
- Hedges, S. B., and R. Thomas. 1991. Cryptic species of snakes (Typhlopidae: *Typhlops*) from the Puerto Rico Bank detected by protein electrophoresis. Herpetologica 47:448–459.
- Hedges, S. B., and R. Thomas. 2001. At the lower size limit in amniote vertebrates: a new diminutive lizard from the West Indies. Caribbean Journal of Science 37:168–173.
- Johnson, K., and S. B. Hedges. 1998. Three new species of *Calisto* from southwestern Haiti (Lepidoptera: Nymphalidae: Satyrinae). Tropical Lepidoptera 9:45–53.
- Pérez-Asso, A. 1996. Revisión del género *Amphelictogon* (Diplopoda: Polydesmida: Chelodesmidae) en Cuba. Insecta Mundi 10:181–216.
- Ríos-López, N., and R. Thomas 2007. A new species of palustrine *Eleutherodactylus* (Anura: Leptodactylidae) from Puerto Rico. Zootaxa 1512:51–64.
- Schwartz, A. 1959. A new species of frog of the *Eleutherodactylus ricordi* group from central Cuba. American Museum Novitates 1926:1–16.
- Schwartz, A. 1965. A new subspecies of the gecko *Sphaerodactylus microlepis*. Herpetologica 21:261–269.
- Schwartz, A., and R. Thomas. 1975. A check-list of West Indian amphibians and reptiles. Carnegie Museum of Natural History, Special Publication 1:1–216.
- Thomas, R. 1965a. A new gecko from the Virgin Islands. Quarterly Journal of the Florida Academy of Sciences 28:117–122.
- Thomas, R. 1965b (1966). New species of Antillean *Eleutherodactylus*. Quarterly Journal of the Florida Academy of Sciences 28:375–391.

- Thomas, R. 1965c. The genus *Leptotyphlops* in the West Indies with description of a new species from Hispaniola (Serpentes, Leptotyphlopidae). *Breviora*, Museum of Comparative Zoology 222:1–12.
- Thomas, R. 1966. Additional notes on the amphisbaenids of Greater Puerto Rico. *Breviora*, Museum of Comparative Zoology 249:1–23.
- Thomas, J. P. R. 1976. Systematics of the Antillean blind snakes of the genus *Typhlops* (Serpentes: Typhlopidae). Unpublished Ph.D. dissertation, Louisiana State University, Baton Rouge, 305 pp.
- Thomas, R., and S. B. Hedges. 2007. Eleven new species of snakes of the genus *Typhlops* (Serpentes: Typhlopidae) from Hispaniola and Cuba. *Zootaxa* 1400:1–126.
- Williams, E. E., J. A. Rivero, and R. Thomas. 1965. A new anole (Sauria, Iguanidae) from Puerto Rico. Part I. Description (by E. E. Williams and J. A. Rivero). Part II (by R. Thomas). Field observations on *Anolis occultus* Williams and Rivero. *Breviora*, Museum of Comparative Zoology 231:1–18.

Scientific Program

INTRODUCTION TO THE SYMPOSIUM

8:30 A.M. A tribute to J. P. Richard Thomas: “the man who leaves no stone unturned”

Javier A. Rodríguez Robles* and Manuel Leal*

9:00 A.M. Richard Thomas: the man behind the rake

S. Blair Hedges

TURTLES AND IGUANAS FROM MONA ISLAND

9:30 A.M. Two decades of sea turtle research on Mona Island, Puerto Rico

Carlos E. Diez* and Robert P. van Dam

9:45 A.M. The road to the recovery of the Mona Island Iguana, *Cyclura cornuta stejnegeri*

Miguel A. García*, Néstor Pérez Buitrago, Alberto O. Álvarez,
Raymond L. Tremblay, María E. Pérez, and Peter J. Tolson

10:00 A.M. COFFEE BREAK

SNAKES

10:25 A.M. Adaptations of sea snakes

Harold F. Heatwole

10:40 A.M. What is the status of the Puerto Rican Boa (*Epicrates inornatus*) after 39 years since its designation as an endangered species?

Alberto R. Puente Rolón*, Sondra I. Vega Castillo, and
Coralys Ortiz Maldonado

10:55 A.M. The demography of the Virgin Islands Boa (*Epicrates monensis granti*) on Cayo Diablo, Puerto Rico

Peter J. Tolson, Miguel A. García*, Raymond L. Tremblay, and
María E. Pérez

* = Presenter

SNAKES (CONTINUED)

- 11:10 A.M. Preys and predators of the Puerto Rican Racer, *Alsophis portoricensis***
Raúl A. Pérez Rivera*, Alberto C. Molina Opio, and Leopoldo Miranda

ENTOMOLOGICAL CONTRIBUTION

- 11:25 A.M. Gentle Africanized bees on an oceanic island (St. Croix, U.S. Virgin Islands)**
Bert Rivera Marchand, Devrim Oskay, and Tugrul Giray*

LIZARDS

- 1:30 P.M. Phenotypic plasticity in lizard eggs among years and sites**
C. Richard Tracy*, Keith A. Christian, and Warren P. Porter
- 1:45 P.M. Comparative thermal biology of four closely related *Anolis* lizards at Soroa, Cuba**
Paul E. Hertz*, Jonathan B. Losos, Manuel Leal, Richard E. Glor, Lourdes Rodríguez Schettino, Ada Chamizo Lara, and Vilma Rivalta González
- 2:00 P.M. Predicting impacts of climate warming on the thermal biology of Puerto Rican lizards**
Raymond B. Huey*, Joshua J. Tewksbury, Paul E. Hertz, Héctor J. Álvarez Pérez, and George C. Gorman
- 2:20 P.M. Visual motion perception and motion patterns in visual displays of *Anolis* lizards**
Leo J. Fleishman
- 2:35 P.M. Genetic divergence in the “Lagartijo Jardinero del Sur” (*Anolis poncensis*) and the “Lagartijo del Bosque Seco” (*Anolis cooki*) from Puerto Rico**
Javier A. Rodríguez Robles*, Tereza Jezkova, and Manuel Leal
- 2:50 P.M. Homing behavior in the “Lagartijo de Barba Amarilla” (*Anolis gundlachi*) from Puerto Rico**
Brian J. Powell and Manuel Leal*

LIZARDS (CONTINUED)

3:05 P.M. New perspectives on the evolutionary history of gekkotan lizards in the Caribbean

Aaron M. Bauer* and Todd R. Jackman

3:20 P.M. COFFEE BREAK

3:40 P.M. A new clade of sphaerodactyl geckos discovered using morphological and molecular data

Juan D. Daza, Tony Gamble, Aaron M. Bauer*, Laurie J. Vitt, and Guarino R. Colli

3:55 P.M. Gene flow in *Sphaerodactylus* geckos among islands of the Puerto Rican Bank

Tony Gamble*, Juan D. Daza, Luis A. Padilla, and Richard Thomas

AMPHIBIANS

4:10 P.M. Implications of skin reflectivity for basking behavior and body temperature of amphibians

Christopher R. Tracy*, C. Richard Tracy, and Keith A. Christian

4:25 P.M. Physiological characteristics of invasive Cane Toads (*Bufo marinus*): a comparison between the invading front and long-term resident populations

Christopher R. Tracy, Keith A. Christian*, John Baldwin, Gregory Betts, and Ben L. Phillips

4:40 P.M. Seasonality as a driver of enzootic chytrid infections in Puerto Rican coquíes

Patricia A. Burrowes*, Ana V. Longo, and Rafael L. Joglar

4:55 P.M. Reproductive biology of the “Coquí Llanero” (*Eleutherodactylus juanariveroi*) in a palustrine wetland in Puerto Rico

Neftalí Ríos López

EPILOGUE

Concluding remarks

Richard Thomas

Contributors

Alberto O. Álvarez

Bureau of Fisheries and Wildlife
Department of Natural and Environmental
Resources
P.O. Box 366147
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936-6147
Electronic mail: aalvarez@drna.gobierno.pr

Héctor J. Álvarez Pérez

Departamento de Programas y Enseñanza
Facultad de Educación
Universidad de Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23304
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3304
Electronic mail: hjalvarez@hughes.net

John Baldwin

School of Biological Sciences
Monash University, Clayton Campus
Victoria, Australia 3800
Electronic mail:
john.baldwin@sci.monash.edu.au

Aaron M. Bauer

Department of Biology
Villanova University
800 Lancaster Avenue
Villanova, Pennsylvania 19085
Electronic mail: aaron.bauer@villanova.edu

Gregory Betts

School of Environmental and Life Sciences
Charles Darwin University
Darwin, Northern Territory
Australia 0909
Electronic mail: greg.betts@caalas.com.au

Patricia A. Burrowes

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23360
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3360
Electronic mail: paburrowes@uprrp.edu

Ada Chamizo Lara

Instituto de Ecología y Sistemática, CITMA
Apartado Postal 8029
Carretera de Varona, Km. 3.5
Boyeros, La Habana, Cuba 10800
Electronic mail: zoologia.ies@ama.cu

Keith A. Christian

School of Environmental and Life Sciences
Charles Darwin University
Darwin, Northern Territory
Australia 0909
Electronic mail: keith.christian@cdu.edu.au

Guarino R. Colli

Departamento de Zoologia
Universidade de Brasília
70910-900 Brasília
Distrito Federal, Brasil
Electronic mail: grcolli@unb.br

Juan D. Daza

Facultad de Ciencias Naturales, CONICET
Universidad Nacional de Tucumán e
Instituto de Herpetología
Fundación e Instituto Miguel Lillo
251, 4000 S. M. de Tucumán, Argentina
Electronic email: juand.daza@gmail.com

Carlos E. Diez

Division of Wildlife
Department of Natural and Environmental
Resources
P.O. Box 366147
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936-6147
Electronic mail: cediez@caribe.net

Leo J. Fleishman

Department of Biology
Union College
807 Union Street
Schenectady, New York 12308
Electronic mail: fleishml@union.edu

Tony Gamble

Department of Genetics, Cell Biology and
Development
University of Minnesota
321 Church Street SE
Minneapolis, Minnesota 55455
Electronic mail: gamb1007@umn.edu

Miguel A. García

Bureau of Fisheries and Wildlife
Department of Natural and Environmental
Resources
P.O. Box 366147
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936-6147
Electronic mail: magarcia@drna.gobierno.pr

Tugrul Giray

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23360
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3360
Electronic mail: tgiray2@yahoo.com

Richard E. Glor

Department of Biology
University of Rochester
RC Box 27021
Rochester, New York 14627-0211
Electronic mail: rglor@mail.rochester.edu

George C. Gorman

952 Alameda Street
Berkeley, California 94707
Electronic mail:
georgegorman@sbcglobal.net

Harold F. Heatwole

Department of Biology
North Carolina State University
Campus Box 7617
Raleigh, North Carolina 27695-7617
Electronic mail: harold_heatwole@ncsu.edu

S. Blair Hedges

Department of Biology
208 Muller Laboratory
Pennsylvania State University
University Park, Pennsylvania 16802-5301
Electronic mail: sbh1@psu.edu

Paul E. Hertz

Department of Biological Sciences
Barnard College
Columbia University
3009 Broadway
New York, New York 10027
Electronic mail: phertz@barnard.edu

Raymond B. Huey

Department of Biology
University of Washington
Box 351800
Seattle, Washington 98195-1800
Electronic mail: hueyrb@u.washington.edu

Todd R. Jackman

Department of Biology
Villanova University
800 Lancaster Avenue
Villanova, Pennsylvania 19085
Electronic mail: todd.jackman@villanova.edu

Tereza Jezkova

School of Life Sciences
University of Nevada, Las Vegas
4505 Maryland Parkway
Las Vegas, Nevada 89154-4004
Electronic mail: jezkovat@unlv.nevada.edu

Rafael L. Joglar

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23360
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3360
Electronic mail: rjoglar@vmail.uprrp.edu

Manuel Leal

Department of Biology
Duke University
Durham, North Carolina 27708-0338
Electronic mail: mleal@duke.edu

Ana V. Longo

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23360
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3360
Electronic mail: ana.longo@gmail.com

Jonathan B. Losos

Museum of Comparative Zoology and
Department of Organismic and Evolutionary
Biology
Harvard University
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02138
Electronic mail: jlosos@oeb.harvard.edu

Leopoldo Miranda

Chesapeake Bay Field Office
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service
177 Admiral Cochrane Drive
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
Electronic mail: leopoldo_miranda@fws.gov

Alberto C. Molina Opio

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Humacao
CUH Station
Humacao, Puerto Rico 00791-4300
Electronic mail: amolina51@hotmail.com

Coralys Ortiz Maldonado

Coastal Zone Management Program
Department of Natural and Environmental
Resources
P.O. Box 366147
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936-6147
Electronic mail: cortiz@drna.gobierno.pr

Devrim Oskay

Department of Entomology
Washington State University
Pullman, Washington 99164-6382
Electronic mail: doskay@yahoo.com

Luis A. Padilla

Departamento de Biología
Universidad de Puerto Rico en Bayamón
Carretera 174 #170
Parque Industrial Minillas
Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00959-1911
Electronic mail: lpadilla28@yahoo.com

María E. Pérez

Department of Mathematics
University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23355
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3355
Electronic mail: mariaeglee@gmail.com

Néstor Pérez Buitrago

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23360
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3360
Electronic mail: yauai@yahoo.com

Raúl A. Pérez Rivera

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Humacao
CUH Station
Humacao, Puerto Rico 00791-4300
Electronic mail: raperezrivera@yahoo.com

Ben L. Phillips

School of Biological Sciences AO8
University of Sydney
Sydney, New South Wales
Australia 2006
Electronic mail: bphi4487@mail.usyd.edu.au

Warren P. Porter

Department of Zoology
University of Wisconsin
Madison, Wisconsin 53706
Electronic mail: wpporter@wisc.edu

Brian J. Powell

Department of Biology
Duke University
Durham, North Carolina 27708-0338
Electronic mail: bjp14@duke.edu

Alberto R. Puente Rolón

Division of Terrestrial Resources
Bureau of Fisheries and Wildlife
Department of Natural and Environmental
Resources
P.O. Box 366147
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936-6147
Electronic mail: arpuente@drna.gobierno.pr

Neftalí Ríos López

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Humacao
CUH Station
Humacao, Puerto Rico 00791-4300
Electronic mail: neftalirios@yahoo.com

Vilma Rivalta González

Instituto de Ecología y Sistemática, CITMA
Apartado Postal 8029
Carretera de Varona, Km. 3.5
Boyeros, La Habana, Cuba 10800
Electronic mail: zoologia.ies@ama.cu

Bert Rivera Marchand

Inter American University of Puerto Rico
Bayamón Campus
500 John Will Harris Road
Bayamón, Puerto Rico 00957
Electronic mail: brivera@bc.inter.edu

Javier A. Rodríguez Robles

School of Life Sciences
University of Nevada, Las Vegas
4505 Maryland Parkway
Las Vegas, Nevada 89154-4004
Electronic mail: javier.rodriguez@unlv.edu

Lourdes Rodríguez Schettino

Instituto de Ecología y Sistemática, CITMA
Apartado Postal 8029
Carretera de Varona, Km. 3.5
Boyeros, La Habana, Cuba 10800
Electronic mail: zoologia.ies@ama.cu

Joshua J. Tewksbury

Department of Biology
University of Washington
Box 351800
Seattle, Washington 98195-1800
Electronic mail: tewksjj@u.washington.edu

Richard Thomas

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23360
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3360
Electronic mail: rthomas@uprrp.edu

Peter J. Tolson

Department of Conservation and Research
The Toledo Zoo
P.O. Box 140130
Toledo, Ohio 43614-0801
Electronic mail: peter.tolson@toledozoo.org

C. Richard Tracy

Department of Biology
University of Nevada, Reno
Reno, Nevada 89557
Electronic mail: dtracy@biodiversity.unr.edu

Christopher R. Tracy

School of Environmental and Life Sciences
Charles Darwin University
Darwin, Northern Territory
Australia 0909
Electronic mail: chris.tracy@cdu.edu.au

Raymond L. Tremblay

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Humacao
CUH Station
Humacao, Puerto Rico 00791-4300
Electronic mail: raymond@hpcf.upr.edu

Robert P. van Dam

Chelonia, Inc.
10 Cruz Street, Apartment C
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00901
Electronic mail: rpvandam@yahoo.com

Sondra I. Vega Castillo

Department of Biology
University of Puerto Rico, Río Piedras
P.O. Box 23360
San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931-3360
Electronic mail: sondravega@yahoo.com

Laurie J. Vitt

Sam Noble Oklahoma Museum of Natural
History and Department of Zoology
University of Oklahoma
2401 Chautauqua Avenue
Norman, Oklahoma 73072-7699
Electronic mail: vitt@ou.edu

